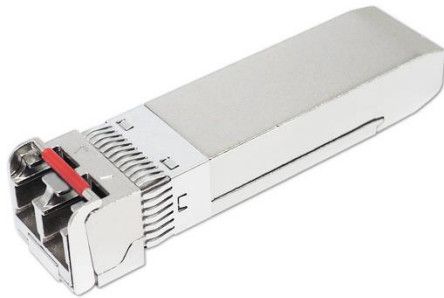




10G / 25G SFP28 LWDM Transceiver

Hot Pluggable, Duplex LC, 800GHz LWDM EML, SMF 40KM, DDM

Part Number: FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DR



Overview:

FSPP-N7-Lxx-40DR is a Small Form Factor Pluggable transceiver compliant with SFF-8402 SFP28 MSA standard. The high performance cooled LWDM EML transmitter and high sensitivity APD receiver with built-in CDR provide superior performance for 10GBASE-ER / 25GBASE-ER Ethernet and CPRI Option #10 applications up to SMF 40km optical links.

Applications:

- 10GBASE-ER/EW Ethernet @10.3125G
- 25GBASE-ER Ethernet @25.78G
- CPRI Option #10 @24.33G
- eCPRI 5G Mobile Networks

Features:

- Compatible with IEEE802.3cc 25GBASE-ER
- Compatible with IEEE802.3ae 10GBASE-ER/EW
- Compliant with CPRI option10
- Compliant with SFF-8402 SFP28 MSA
- Support 10.3125G / 25.78G Dual-Rate Ethernet
- Built-in CDR on both Transmitter and Receiver
- 800GHz ITU Grid, cooled O-Band LWDM EML laser transmitter
- APD Receiver
- Hot Pluggable
- Duplex LC connector
- 2-wire interface for management and diagnostic monitor compliant with SFF-8472
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Link distance 40km over SM fiber
- Maximum Power consumption 2.3W
- RoHS Compliant

Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-40	+85	°C
Storage Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5	+4.0	V



Recommended Operating Conditions:

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Case Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	-	+70	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	+3.13	+3.3	+3.47	V
Supply Current	I _{CC}	-	-	700	mA
Power Consumption	P			2.3	W

Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics:

V_{CC}= 3.13V to 3.47V, T_{OP} = 0 °C to 70 °C

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Data Rate	DR	10.3125	25.78		Gb/s	
Optical Launch Power	P _o	0		+6	dBm	1
Optical Center Wavelength	λ _c	1268.24	1269.23	1270.22	nm	2
		1272.55	1273.54	1274.54		
		1276.89	1277.89	1278.89		
		1281.25	1282.26	1283.27		
		1285.65	1286.66	1287.69		
		1290.07	1291.10	1292.12		
		1294.53	1295.56	1296.59		
		1299.02	1300.05	1301.09		
		1303.54	1304.58	1305.63		
		1308.09	1309.14	1310.19		
		1312.67	1313.73	1314.79		
1317.29	1318.35	1319.42		2		
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	6.0			dB	
Dispersion Penalty @25.78G	DP			1.0	dB	
Optical Eye Mask		IEEE 802.3cc				
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-130	dB/Hz	
Differential Data Input Swing	V _{IN}	190		700	mV	
TX Disable Input Voltage-Low (TX ON)	TDISV _L	GND		0.8	V	
TX Disable Input Voltage-High (TX OFF)	TDISV _H	2.0		V _{CC}	V	



TX Fault Output Voltage-Low (TX Normal)	TFLTV _L	GND		0.8	V	
TX Fault Output Voltage-High (TX Fault)	TFLTV _H	2.0		V _{cc}	V	

Note1: The optical power is launched into a 9/125µm single mode fiber.

Note2: This wavelength channel is not ready yet.

Receiver Electro-optical Characteristics:

V_{cc}= 3.13V to 3.47V, T_{op} = 0 °C to 70 °C

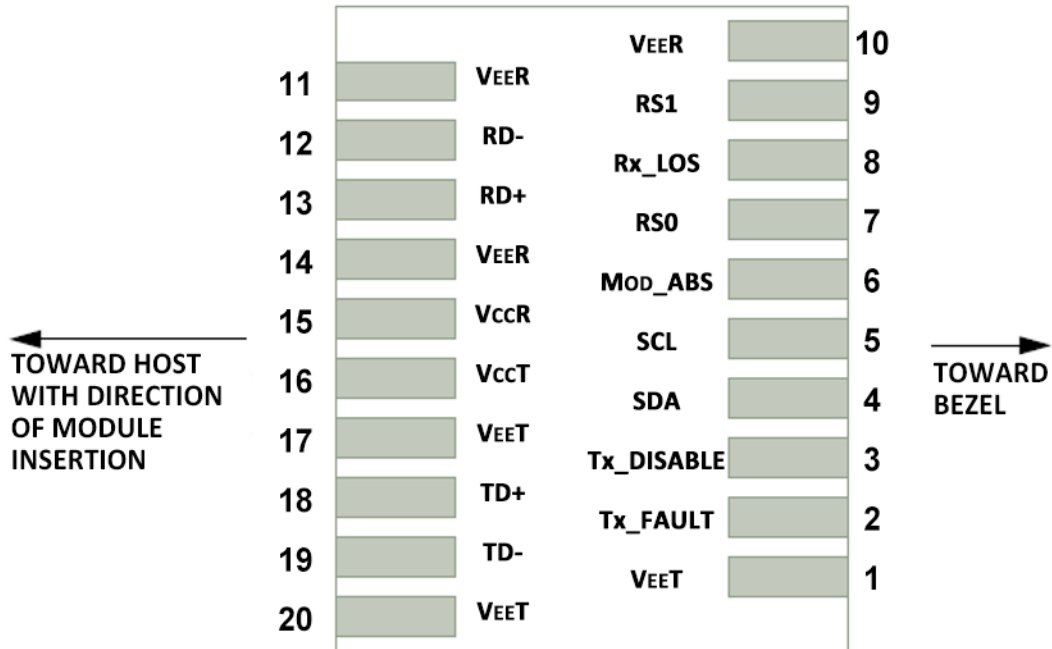
Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Data Rate	DR	10.3125	25.78		Gb/s	
Receiver Sensitivity @25G	P _{IN_min}			-19	dBm	1
Receiver Sensitivity @10G				-20.5		2
Maximum Input Power	P _{IN_max}	-5			dBm	1
Optical Center Wavelength	λ _c	1260		1355	nm	
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-21.5	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOS _{HY}	0.5			dB	
Differential Data Output Swing	V _{OUT}	300		850	mV	
Receiver LOS Signal Output Voltage-Low	LOS _{V_L}	GND		0.8	V	
Receiver LOS Signal Output Voltage-High	LOS _{V_H}	2.0		V _{cc}	V	

Note1: Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @25.78Gbps BER<5x10⁻⁵.

Note2: Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps BER<10⁻¹².



Pin Assignment:



Host PCB SFP28 Pad Assignment Top View

Pin Description:

Pin	Name	Function / Description
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground
2	Tx_FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication (1)
3	Tx_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable – Turns off transmitter laser output (2)
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line (SDA: Serial Data Signal) (3)
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock (SCL: Serial Clock Signal) (3)
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module (3)
7	RS0	Rate Select 0, optional (5)
8	Rx_LOS	Receiver Loss of Signal Indication (4)
9	RS1	Rate Select 1, optional (5)
10	VEER	Receiver Ground
11	VEER	Receiver Ground
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted Data output, AC coupled



13	RD+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data output, AC coupled
14	VEER	Receiver Ground
15	VccR	Receiver 3.3V Power Supply
16	VccT	Transmitter 3.3V Power Supply
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input, AC coupled
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input, AC coupled
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground

- Note1:** TX Fault is open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply $V_{ccT}+0.3V$ or $V_{ccR}+0.3V$. When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <math><0.8V</math>.
- Note2:** TX Disable input is used to shut down the laser output per the state table below. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor. 1) Low(0~0.8V): Transmitter on; 2) Between(0.8V and 2V): Undefined; 3) High (2.0~ VccT): Transmitter Disabled; 4) Open: Transmitter Disabled.
- Note3:** These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply less than $V_{ccT}+0.3V$ or $V_{ccR}+0.3V$. MOD_ABS is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.
- Note4:** Rx_LOS (Loss of signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply $V_{ccT}+0.3V$ or $V_{ccR}+0.3V$. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <math><0.8V</math>.
- Note5:** No connect on this module. Rate select can be set through the 2-wire bus in accordance with SFF-8472 v12.1c. Rx Rate Select is set at Bit 3, Byte 110, Address A2h. Tx Rate Select is set at Bit 3, Byte 118, Address A2h. Writing a "1" selects maximum bandwidth operation.

Digital Diagnostic Functions:

As defined by the SFP MSA (SFF-8472) Ficer's SFP28 transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

- Transceiver temperature
- Laser bias current
- Transmitted optical power
- Received optical power
- Transceiver supply voltage

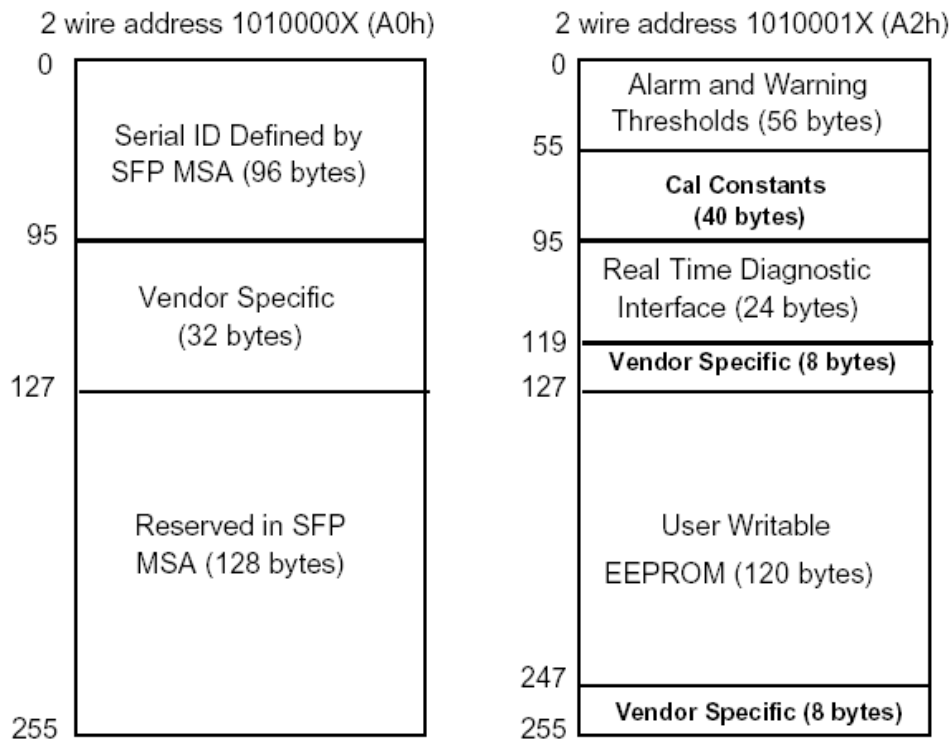
It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Controller (DDC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP28 transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP28 transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.



For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the SFP MSA (SFF-8472) Specification.

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

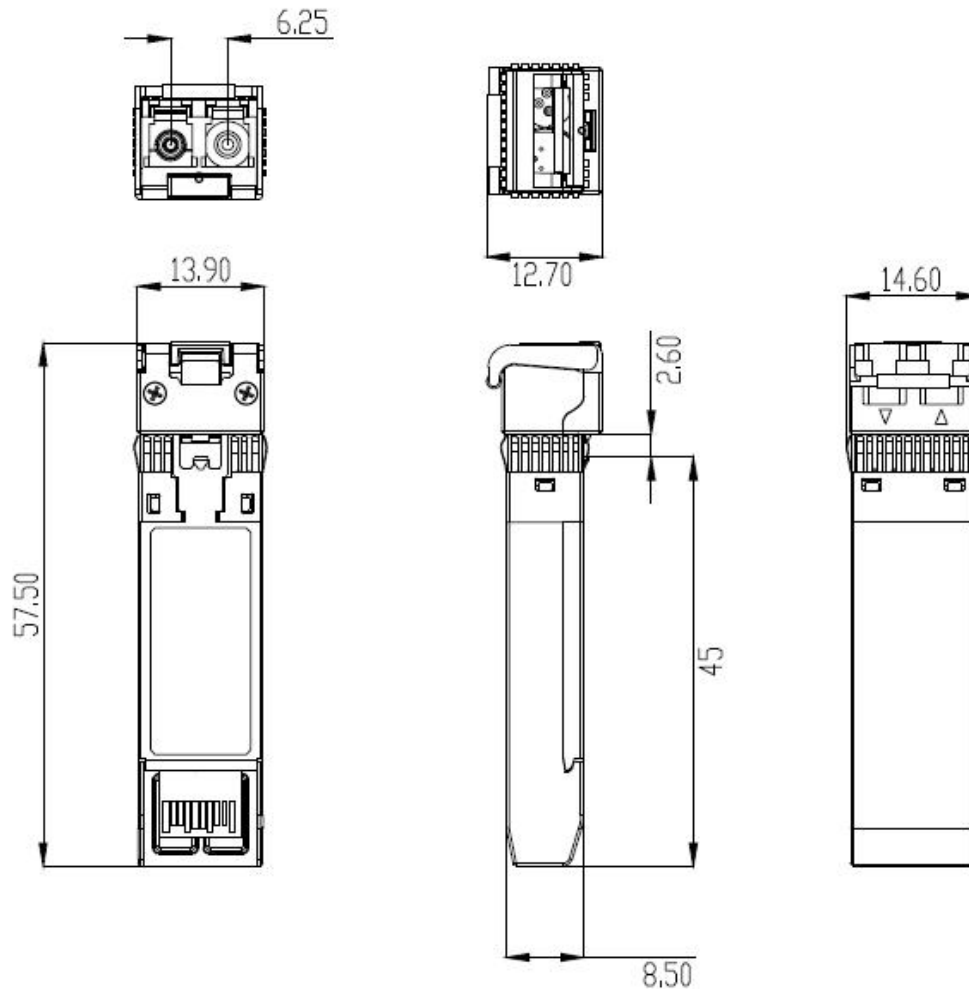


Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Characteristics

Parameter	Accuracy	Unit	Note
Temperature	±3	°C	Internal Calibration
Supply Voltage	±0.1	V	Internal Calibration
TX Bias Current	±5	mA	Internal Calibration
TX Output Power	±3	dB	Internal Calibration
RX Received Optical Power	±3	dB	Internal Calibration



Mechanical Dimensions:



(All Dimensions are ± 0.20 mm Unless Otherwise Specified, Unit: mm)



Ordering Information:

Part No.	Center Wavelength TX (xx=)	Link	DDM	Temp.
FSPN-N7-Lxx-40DR	69=1269.23nm*	40km	Yes	0~70°C
	73=1273.54nm			
	77=1277.89nm			
	82=1282.26nm			
	86=1286.66nm			
	91=1291.10nm			
	95=1295.56nm			
	00=1300.05nm			
	04=1304.58nm			
	09=1309.14nm			
	13=1313.73nm*			
	18=1318.35nm*			

ps: *= This wavelength channel is not ready yet.

NOTE: Distances are indicative only. To calculate a more precise link budget based on specific conditions in your application, please refer to the optical characteristics.